14. COMPUTER SCIENCE (CODE: 083)

Note: Schools may choose from option 1 (Python) or option 2 (C++) and teach accordingly Learning Objectives:

- 1. To understand basics of computers.
- 2. To develop logic for Problem Solving.
- 3. To develop problem solving skills and their implementation through **Python (version: 2.7)** or to implement Object Oriented Programming using C++.
- 4. To understand and implement the concept of Object Oriented Methodology.
- 5. To understand the concept of working with Relational Database.
- 6. To understand the basic concept of Computing Logic.
- 7. To understand the basic concepts of Communication and Networking technologies.
- 8. To understand Open Source Software.

CLASS XI (Theory) - Python

Unit No.	Unit Name	MARKS
1	COMPUTER FUNDAMENTALS	10
2	PROGRAMMING METHODOLOGY	12
3	INTRODUCTION TO PYTHON	18
4	4 PROGRAMMING WITH PYTHON	
		70

UNIT 1: COMPUTER FUNDAMENTALS

(18 Theory + 6 Practical) Periods

Evolution of computers; Basics of computer and its operation; Functional Components and their interconnections, concept of Booting, Classification of Computers.

Software concepts: Types of Software - System Software, Utility Software and Application Software

System Software: Operating System, Complier, Interpreter and Assembler

Operating System: Need for Operating System, Functions of Operating System (Processor Management, Memory Management, File Management and Device Management), Types of Operating System-interactive (GUI based), Time Sharing, Real Time and Distributed, Commonly used operating system: UNIX, LINUX, Windows, Solaris, BOSS (Bharat Operating System Solutions); Mobile OS - Android, Symbian.

Utility Software: Anti Virus, File Management tools, Compression tools and Disk Management tools (Disk Cleanup, Disk Defragmenter, Backup).

Open Source Concepts: Open Source Software, Freeware, Shareware, Proprietary Software.

Application Software: Office Tools - Word Processor, Presentation Tool, Spreadsheet Package, Database Management System; Domain Specific tools - School Management System, Inventory Management System, Payroll System, Financial Accounting, Hotel Management, Reservation System and Weather Forecasting System.

Number System: Binary, Octal, Decimal, Hexadecimal and conversion between two different number systems.

Internal Storage encoding of Characters: ASCII, ISCII (Indian scripts Standard Code for Information Interchange), and UNICODE (for multilingual computing)

Microprocessor: Basic concepts, Clock speed (MHz, GHz), 16 bit, 32 bit, 64 bit processors; 128 bir processors; Types - CISC Processors (Complex Instruction set computing), RISC Processors (Reduced Instruction set computing), and EPIC (Explicitly parallel Instruction computing).

Memory Concepts: Units: Byte, Kilo Byte, Mega Byte, Giga Byte, Tera Byte, Peta Byte, Exa Byte, Zetta Byte, Yotta Byte.

Primary Memory: Cache, RAM, ROM

Secondary Memory: Fixed and Removable storage - Hard Disk Drive, CD/DVD Drive, Pen Drive, Blue Ray Disk.

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Input Output Ports/ Connections: Serial, Parallel and Universal Serial Bus, PS-2 port, Infrared port, Bluetooth, Firewire.

UNIT 2: PROGRAMMING METHODOLOGY

(28 Theory + 10 Practical) Periods

General Concepts: Modular Approach, Clarity and Simplicity of Expressions, Use of proper names for Identifiers, Comments, Indentation; Documentation and Program Maintenance; Running and Debugging programs, Syntax Errors, Run-Time Errors, Logical Errors

Problem solving Methodologies: Understanding of the problem, solution for the problem, identifying minimum number of inputs required for output, writing code to optimizing execution time and memory storage, step by step solution for the problem, breaking down solution into simple steps (modular approach), identification of arithmetic and logical operations required for solution; Control Structure- conditional control and looping (finite and infinite).

Problem Solving: Introduction to Algorithms/Flowcharts.

UNIT 3: INTRODUCTION TO PYTHON

(44 Theory + 36 Practical) Periods

Getting Started: Introduction to Python- an interpreted high level language, interactive mode and script mode.

Variables, Expressions and Statements: Values, Variables and keywords; Operators and Operands in Python: (Arithmetic, relational and logical operators), operator precedence, Expressions and Statements (Assignment statement); Taking input (using raw_input() and input()) and displaying output(print statement); Putting Comments.

Functions: Importing Modules (entire module or selected objects), invoking built in functions, functions from math module (for e.g. ceil, floor, fabs, exp, log, log10, pow, sqrt, cos, sin, tan, degrees, radians), using random() and randint() functions of random module to generate random numbers, composition.

Defining functions, invoking functions, passing parameters (default parameter values, keyword arguments), scope of variables, void functions and functions returning values, flow of execution

Conditional constructs and looping: if else statement

While, For (range function), break, continue, else, pass, Nested loops, use of compound expression in conditional constructs and looping

UNIT 4: PROGRAMMING WITH PYTHON

(50 Theory + 48 Practical) Periods

Strings: Creating, initialising and accessing the elements; String operators: +, *, in, not in, range slice [n:m]; Comparing strings using relational operators;

String functions & methods: len, capitalize, find, isalnum, isalpha, isdigit, lower, islower, isupper, upper, lstrip, rstrip, isspace, istitile, partition, replace, join, split, count, decode, encode, swapcase, Pattern Matching

Lists: Concept of mutable lists, creating, initializing and accessing the elements, traversing, appending, updating and deleting elements;

List operations (joining, list slices);

List functions & methods: len, insert, append, extend, sort, remove, reverse, pop

Dictionaries: Concept of key-value pair, creating, initializing and accessing the elements in a dictionary, traversing, appending, updating and deleting elements

Dictionary functions & Methods: cmp, len, clear(), get(), has_key(), items(), keys(), update(), values()

Tuples: Immutable concept, creating, intialising and accessing the elements in a tuple; Tuple functions: cmp(), len(), max(), min(), tuple()

Class XI (Practical) -- Python

Duration: 3 hours Total Marks: 30

1. Programming in Python

12

One programming problem in Python to be developed and tested on Computer during the examination. Marks are allotted on the basis of following:

Logic : 7 Marks
Documentation : 2 Marks
Output presentation : 3 Marks

2. Project Work

08

Problems related to String and List manipulation

General Guidelines: Initial requirement, developing an interface for user (it is advised to use textbased interface

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screen), developing logic for playing the game and developing logic for scoring points

- Hollywood/Hangman: A word Guessing game
- Cows 'N Bulls: A word/number Guessing game
- Random Number Guessing Game (High\Low)
- A game to check whether a word does not use any of the forbidden letters

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Similar projects may be undertaken in other domains

(As mentioned in general guidelines for project, given at the end of the curriculum in a group of 2-4 students)

3. Practical File

- (a) Record of the configuration of computer system used by the student in the computer lab (by exploring inside computer system in the first 2 lab classes).
- (b) Must have minimum 20 programs from the topics covered in class XI course.
 - 5 Programs on Control structures
 - 5 Programs on String manipulations
 - 5 Programs on List Manipulations
 - 5 Programs on Dictionaries and Tuples

4. Viva Voce 05

Viva will be asked from the syllabus covered in class XI and the project developed by the student(s).

OR

Class XI (Theory) C++

Duration: 3 hours Total Marks: 70

Unit No.	Unit Name	MARKS
1.	COMPUTER FUNDAMENTALS	10
2.	INTRODUCTION TO C++	14
3.	PROGRAMMING METHODOLOGY	12
4.	4. PROGRAMMING IN C++	
		70

UNIT 1: Common to both the options. Refer to unit 1 mentioned in case of Python for further details

UNIT 2: INTRODUCTION TO C++

(44 Theory + 36 Practical) Periods

Getting Started: C++ character set, C++ Tokens (Identifiers, Keywords, Constants, Operators,), Structure of a C++ Program (include files, main function), Header files-iostream.h, iomanip.h, cout, cin; use of I/O operators (< < and > >), Use of endl and setw (), Cascading of I/O operators, Error Messages; Use of editor, basic commands of editor, compilation, linking and execution.

Data Types, Variables and Constants: Concept of Data types; Built-in Data types: char, int, float and double; Constants: Integer Constants, Character constants - \n, \t, \b), Floating Point Constants, String Constants; Access modifier: const; Variables of built-in-data types, Declaration/Initialization of variables, Assignment statement, Type modifier: signed, unsigned, long

Operator and Expressions: Operators: Arithmetic operators (-, +, *, /, %), Unary operator (-), Increment (++) and Decrement (-) Operators, Relation operator (-), -, -, -, -, -, Logical operators (!, & ., II), Conditional operator: (-) Conditional operator:

UNIT 3: PROGRAMMING METHODOLOGY -- common to both the options. Refer to unit 2 mentioned in case of Python for further details

UNIT 4: PROGRAMMING IN C++

(50 Theory + 48 Practical) Periods

Flow of control:

Conditional statements: if else, Nested if, switch..case..default, use of conditional operator, Nested switch..case, break statement (to be used in switch..case only); Loops: while, do - while, for and Nested loops

Inbuilt Functions

Header file Categorization	Header File	Function
Standard input/output functions	stdio.h	gets (), puts ()
Character Functions	Ctype.h	isalnum (), isalpha (),
String Function	string.h	isdigit (), islower (), isupper (), tolower (), toupper () strucy (), streat (),
Mathematical Functions	math.h	strlen (), strcmp (), strcmpi (), strev (), strlen (), strupur (), strlwr () fabs (), pow (), sgrt (),
Other Functions	stdlib.h	sin (), cos (), abs () randomize (), random ()
User Defined Functions:		

Introduction to user-defined function and its requirements.

Defining a function; function prototype, Invoking/calling a function, passing arguments to function, specifying argument data types, default argument, constant argument, call by value, call by reference, returning values from a function, calling functions with arrays, scope rules of functions and variables local and global variables.

Structured Data Type:

Arrays: Introduction to Array and its advantages.

One Dimensional Array: Declaration/initialization of One-dimensional array, inputting array elements, accessing array elements, manipulation of array elements (sum of elements, product of elements, average of elements, linear search, finding maximum/minimum value)

Declaration / Initialization of a String, string manipulations (counting vowels/ consonants/ digits/ special characters, case conversion, reversing a string, reversing each word of a string)

Two-dimensional Array

Declaration/initialization of a two-dimensional array, inputting array elements accessing array elements, manipulation of array elements (sum of row element, column elements, diagonal elements, finding maximum / minimum values)

User-defined Data Types: Introduction to user defined data types.

Structure

Defining a Structure (Keyword Structure), declaring structure variables, accessing structure elements, passing structure to functions as value and reference argument/parameter, function returning structure array of structure, passing an array of structure as an argument/ a parameter to a function.

Defining a symbol name using **typedef** keyword and defining a macro using **#define** preprocessor directive.

Class XI (Practical) - C++

Duration: 3 hours Total Marks: 30

1 Programming in C++

12

08

One programming problem in C++ to be developed and tested in Computer during the examination. Marks are allotted on the basis of following:

Logic : 7 Marks
Documentation/Indentation : 2 Marks
Output presentation : 3 Marks

2 Project Work

Problems related to String, Number and Array manipulation

General Guidelines; Initial Requirement, developing an interface for user (it is advised to use text based interface screen), developing logic for playing the game and developing logic for scoring points

1. Memory Game: A number guessing game with application of 2 dimensional arrays containing randomly generated numbers in pairs hidden inside boxes.

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- 2. Cross 'N Knots Game: A regular tic-tac-toe game
- 3. Hollywood/Hangman: A word Guessing game
- 4. Cows 'N Bulls: A word / number Guessing game

Similar projects may be undertaken in other domains

(As mentioned in general guidelines for project, given at the end of the curriculum in a group of 2-4 students)

3. Presentation based on research

It will be a group presentation based on a detailed study of at least two technology inventions in the field of information technology, which may include Inventor's name with country, out of box contributions year of invention, characteristics, social impact and uses. A partial list of inventors is in the Annexure.

(The project can be done in a group of 2-3 students)

05 Practical File

- Record of the configuration of computer system used by the student in the computer lab (by exploring inside computer system in the first 2 lab classes).
- Must have minimum 15 programs from the topics covered in class XI course.
 - 5 Programs on Control structures
 - 4 Programs on Array manipulations
 - 4 Programs on String manipulations
 - 2 Programs on Structure manipulations

05 5 Viva Voce

Viva will be asked from the syllabus covered in class XI and the project developed by the student(s).



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